AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims provided below will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

- 1-54. (Canceled).
- 55. (Original). A compound having the structure of Formula III:

$$R^{12} \xrightarrow{\qquad \qquad } X^{12} \xrightarrow{\qquad \qquad } CH$$

$$H_2C \xrightarrow{\qquad \qquad } X^{13} \xrightarrow{\qquad \qquad \qquad } P \xrightarrow{\qquad \qquad } O \xrightarrow{\qquad \qquad } R^{13}$$

(III)

wherein,

 R^{11} is (C_1-C_{16}) alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl;

 R^{12} is (C_1-C_{16}) alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl;

 X^{11} is O, S, or NHC=O;

 X^{12} is O, S, or NHC=O;

X¹³ is O or S;

n is 0, 1 or 2, and

R¹³ is a therapeutic agent,

wherein, each alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, adenine, thymine, cytosine, guanine, pyrimidine, purine, hypoxanthine, inosine and uracil of R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} can, optionally, be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, trifluoromethyl, (C_1-C_8) alkyl, (C_1-C_8) alkoxy, aryl, and $N(R^a)(R^b)$

wherein R^a and R^b are each independently selected from the group consisting of H and (C₁-C₈) alkyl, and

wherein, if n is 1 or 2, the compound is a phospholipase C substrate and is not a phospholipase A substrate, and

further wherein, if n is 1 or 2, the compound is converted to an alkyl lipid and a moiety selected from the group consisting of a nucleoside monophosphate and a nucleoside analogue monophosphate intracellularly in a mammal, and is not converted to an alkyl lipid and a moiety selected from the group consisting of a nucleoside monophosphate and a nucleoside analogue monophosphate extracellularly in a mammal.

56. (Previously Presented). The compound of claim 55, wherein,

R¹¹ is a C₁₂ alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl;

R¹² is C₈H₁₆ alkyl or branched alkyl;

n = 1

and R¹³ is an anticancer agent selected from the group consisting of gemcitabine, 5-azacytidine, cladribine, fludarabine, fluorodeoxyuridine, cytosine arabinoside and 6-mercaptopurine, wherein the phosphorus atom of the phosphate moiety is covalently linked in a phosphate ester linkage to the oxygen atom of the 5' hydroxyl group of a sugar moiety of R¹³.

57. (Original). A compound having the structure of Formula IV:

$$R^{22}$$
 X^{22} CH H_2C X^{23} CH_2 CH_2 R^{23} R^{23} R^{23} R^{23}

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wherein, R^{21} is (C<sub>6</sub> to C<sub>16</sub>) alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl; R^{22} is (C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>12</sub>) alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl; X^{21} is O, S, or NHC=O; X^{22} is O, S, or NHC=O; X^{23} is O or S; X^{23} is O or S; X^{23} is a therapeutic agent, and
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wherein, each alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, adenine, thymine, cytosine, guanine, pyrimidine, purine, hypoxanthine, inosine and uracil of R^{21} , R^{22} , and R^{23} can, optionally, be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, trifluoromethyl, (C_1 - C_8) alkyl, (C_1 - C_8) alkoxy, aryl, and $N(R^a)(R^b)$ wherein R^a and R^b are each independently selected from the group consisting of H and (C_1 - C_8) alkyl.

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58. (Previously Presented). The compound of claim 57, wherein, R^{21} \text{ is } C_{12} \text{ alkyl}; R^{22} \text{ is } C_{10} \text{ alkyl}; n=1, \text{ and}
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R²³ is an anticancer agent selected from the group consisting of gemcitabine, 5-azacytidine, cladribine, fludarabine, fluorodeoxyuridine, cytosine arabinoside and 6-mercaptopurine, wherein the methylene group of the phosphonate moiety is covalently linked to the oxygen atom of the 5' hydroxyl group of a sugar moiety of R²³.

59. (Original). A compound having the structure of Formula V:

$$R^{32}$$
 X^{32} R^{32} R^{33} R^{33} R^{33} R^{33} R^{33}

wherein,

 R^{31} is (C₁ to C₁₆) alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl;

 R^{32} is (C₁ to C₁₆) alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl;

 X^{31} is O, S, or NHC=O;

 X^{32} is O, S, or NHC=O;

X³³ is -OH, -SH, or amino;

R³³ is a therapeutic agent, and

wherein, each alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, adenine, thymine, cytosine, guanine, pyrimidine, purine, hypoxanthine, inosine and uracil of R^{31} , R^{32} , and R^{33} can, optionally, be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, trifluoromethyl, (C_1-C_8) alkyl, (C_1-C_8) alkoxy, aryl, and $N(R^a)(R^b)$ wherein R^a and R^b are each independently selected from the group consisting of H and (C_1-C_8) alkyl.

60. (Original). The compound of claim 59, wherein,

 R^{31} is $(C_6 - C_{16})$ alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl;

 R^{32} is $(C_1 - C_8)$ alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl, and

 R^{33} is an anticancer agent selected from the group consisting of mitoxanthrone, methotrexate and CPT-11, and is covalently linked via an ester, amido or carbamate linkage to the -SH, OH or amino group of X^{33} .

- 61. (Original). The compound of claim 55, wherein said compound is suspended in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and is present in an amount effective to combat a cancer in a mammal.
- 62. (Original). The compound of claim 61, wherein said cancer is a cancer selected from the group consisting of a carcinoma, a sarcoma, a neuroblastoma, a leukemia, a lymphoma and a solid tumor.
- 63. (Original). The compound of claim 55, wherein said compound is present in an amount effective to facilitate delivery of a therapeutic agent to a mammalian cell.
- 64. (Original). The compound of claim 63, wherein said therapeutic agent is an anticancer agent.
 - 65. (Original). The compound of claim 63, wherein the cell is in a mammal.
- 66. (Original). The compound of claim 65, wherein the cell is a cell selected from the group consisting of a CNS cell and a lymphoid cell.
- 67. (Original). The compound of claim 66, wherein the CNS cell is an astrocyte or a glial cell.
 - 68. (Original). A pharmaceutically acceptable salt of the compound of claim 55.
- 69. (Original). The pharmaceutically acceptable salt of claim 68, wherein the compound is present in an amount effective to facilitate delivery of a therapeutic agent to a mammalian cell.
- 70. (Original). The pharmaceutically acceptable salt of claim 69, wherein the cell is in a mammal.

- 71. (Original). The pharmaceutically acceptable salt of claim 70, wherein the cell is a cell selected from the group consisting of a CNS cell and a lymphoid cell.
- 72. (Original). The pharmaceutically acceptable salt of claim 68, wherein said compound is present in an amount effective to combat a cancer in a mammal.
 - 73. (Original). A pharmaceutically acceptable salt of the compound of claim 56.
- 74. (Original). The pharmaceutically acceptable salt of claim 73, wherein said compound is present in an amount effective to facilitate delivery of a therapeutic agent to a mammalian cell.
- 75. (Original). The pharmaceutically acceptable salt of claim 74, wherein said therapeutic agent is an anticancer agent.
- 76. (Original). The pharmaceutically acceptable salt of claim 74, wherein said cell is in a mammal.
- 77. (Original). The pharmaceutically acceptable salt of claim 74, wherein said cell is a cell selected from the group consisting of a CNS cell and a lymphoid cell.
- 78. (Original). The pharmaceutically acceptable salt of claim 68, wherein said compound is present in an amount effective to combat a cancer in a mammal.
- 79. (Original). A drug delivery agent comprising a pharmaceutical composition, said composition comprising a compound of claim 55 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in an amount effective to facilitate delivery of a therapeutic agent to a mammalian cell.
- 80. (Original). The drug delivery agent of claim 79, wherein said therapeutic agent is an anticancer agent.

- 81. (Original). The drug delivery agent of claim 79, wherein said cell is in a mammal.
- 82. (Original). The drug delivery agent of claim 79, wherein said cell is a cell selected from the group consisting of a CNS cell and a lymphoid cell.
- 83. (Original). A drug delivery agent comprising a pharmaceutical composition, said composition comprising a compound of claim 55 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in an amount effective to combat a cancer in a mammal.
- 84. (Original). The drug delivery agent of claim 83, wherein said cancer is a cancer selected from the group consisting of a carcinoma, a sarcoma, a neuroblastoma, a leukemia, a lymphoma and a solid tumor.
- 85. (Original). A drug delivery agent comprising a pharmaceutical composition, the composition comprising a compound of claim 56 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in an amount effective to facilitate delivery of a therapeutic agent to a mammalian cell.
 - 86. (Original). The drug delivery agent of claim 85, wherein the cell is in a mammal.
- 87. The drug delivery agent of claim 85, wherein said cell is a cell selected from the group consisting of a CNS cell and a lymphoid cell.
- 88. (Original). A drug delivery agent comprising a pharmaceutical composition, said composition comprising a compound of claim 56 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in an amount effective to combat a cancer in a mammal.
- 89. (Original). The drug delivery agent of claim 88, wherein said cancer is a cancer selected from the group consisting of a carcinoma, a sarcoma, a neuroblastoma, a leukemia, a lymphoma and a solid tumor.

- 90. (Original). A method of facilitating delivery of a therapeutic agent to a mammalian cell, said method comprising administering to said cell a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 55 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in an amount effective to facilitate delivery of said therapeutic agent to said cell.
- 91. (Original). The method of claim 90, wherein said therapeutic agent is an anticancer agent.
 - 92. (Original). The method of claim 90, wherein said cell is in a mammal.
- 93. (Original). The method of claim 90, wherein the cell is a cell selected from the group consisting of a CNS cell and a lymphoid cell.
- 94. (Original). A method of facilitating delivery of a therapeutic agent to a cell, said method comprising administering to said cell a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 56 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in an amount effective to facilitate delivery of said therapeutic agent to said cell.
 - 95. (Original). The method of claim 94, wherein said cell is in a mammal.
- 96. (Original). The method of claim 94, wherein said cell is a cell selected from the group consisting of a CNS cell and a lymphoid cell.
- 97. (Original). A method of combating a cancer in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 55 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in an amount effective to combat a cancer in the mammal.

- 98. (Original). The method of claim 97, wherein said cancer is a cancer selected from the group consisting of a carcinoma, a sarcoma, a neuroblastoma, a leukemia, a lymphoma and a solid tumor.
- 99. (Original). A method of treating a disease in a mammal, said method comprising administering to said mammal a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 55, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in an amount effective to facilitate delivery of a therapeutic agent to a cell in said mammal, thereby treating said disease.
- 100. (Original). The method of claim 99, wherein said disease is a disease selected from the group consisting of a brain disease, a CNS disease, a lymphatic system disease, a reproductive system disease, a cardiovascular disease, a kidney disease and a liver disease.
- 101. (Original). A kit for combating a cancer in a mammal, said kit comprising a) a composition selected from the group consisting of a compound of claim 55, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 55, and
 - b) an instructional material.
- 102. (Original). A kit for facilitating delivery of a therapeutic agent to a mammalian cell, said kit comprising
- a) a composition selected from the group consisting of a compound of claim 55, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 55, and
 - b) an instructional material.
- 103. (Original). The kit of claim 102, wherein said therapeutic agent is an anticancer agent.

104. (Previously Presented) A method for overcoming cancer resistance from cellular transport resistance mechanisms comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of claim 55, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

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105. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 55, wherein, R^{11} is a C_{12} alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl; R^{12} is C_8H_{16} alkyl or branched alkyl; n=1,
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and R¹³ is an anticancer agent selected from the group consisting of gemcitabine, 5-azacytidine, cladribine, fludarabine, fluorodeoxyuridine, cytosine arabinoside, 6-mercaptopurine, 6-thioguanine, 5-deoxyfluorouridine, ftorafur, capecitabine, 5-deoxy-5-fluorocytidine, 5-azacystine arabinoside, troxacitabine, and pentostatin, wherein the phosphorus atom of the phosphate moiety is covalently linked in a phosphate ester linkage to the oxygen atom of the 5' hydroxyl group of a sugar moiety of R¹³.

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106. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 57, wherein, R^{21} \ \text{is} \ C_{12} \ \text{alkyl}; R^{22} \ \text{is} \ C_{10} \ \text{alkyl}; n=1, \ \text{and}
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R²³ is an anticancer agent selected from the group consisting of gemcitabine, 5-azacytidine, cladribine, fludarabine, fluorodeoxyuridine, cytosine arabinoside, 6-mercaptopurine, 6-thioguanine, 5-deoxyfluorouridine, ftorafur, capecitabine, 5-deoxy-5-fluorocytidine, 5-azacytsine arabinoside, troxacitabine, and pentostatin, wherein the methylene group of the phosphonate moiety is covalently linked to the oxygen atom of the 5' hydroxyl group of a sugar moiety of R²³.

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107. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 59, wherein,
R^{31} \text{ is } (C_6 - C_{16}) \text{ alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl;}
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R³² is (C₁ -C₈) alkyl, branched alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl, and
R³³ is an anticancer agent selected from the group consisting of mitoxanthrone,
doxorubicin, idarubicin, epirubicin, daunorubicin, mitomycin, methotrexate, CPT-11, SN-38,
camptothecin, topotecan, 9-nitrocamptothecin, and 9-aminocamptothecin, and is covalently
linked via an ester, amido or carbamate linkage to the -SH, OH or amino group of X³³.